

## Benthowave Instrument Inc.

**Underwater Sound Solutions** 

www.benthowave.com



## Acoustic Transmit and Receive System: Underwater and NDT Diagnostic Ultrasonics

BII8080 series portable transmit and receive systems are bandpass system and designed optimally for underwater acoustic and NDT ultrasound applications. It integrates a power amplifier, an impedance matching network, a T/R Switch, a digitally programmable gain preamp, and a bandpass filter into a portable water-proof case or a metal enclosure to drive underwater and NDT transducers in wideband frequency range around f<sub>s</sub> (transducer's resonance frequency). With a laptop computer (DSP board or microcontroller) and a DAQ (Data Acquisition Module), BII8080 series functions as a portable underwater acoustic system and/or NDT pulsing system.

#### **Typical Applications**

Underwater Acoustic System, NDT, Diagnostic Ultrasound, Studies of Materials	Artificial Acoustic Target, Echo-Repeater Target, Active-Acoustic Target	
Underwater Communication, Pinger, Transponder, Telephone, Diver Recall System	Echo sounding, Object Detection, Navigation	
Chirp/FM Sonar, Imaging Sonar, Sub-bottom Profiling, Sea-floor Mapping Distance Measurement, Water Depth, Bottom Contour		
Maintenance/Inspection of Underwater Structure/Structural Health Monitoring	Bioacoustics, Fishery Acoustics/Sonar, Underwater Sound Stimulus	

Related Products: BII8030 Underwater Acoustic Transmitter

2 Vpp Maximum

47 dB

Transducer Broadband, High Power, Omni & Highly Directional...

40 dB

## Specification

Signal Level: Voltage Gain:

Transceiver	BII8081	BII8082	BII8083	
Frequency Range:	0.6 to 100 kHz	10 to 350 kHz	0.1 to 10 MHz.	
	+8 to +58 VDC. 14.2 A.	+8 to +35 VDC. 7.1 A.	+10 to +35 VDC. 7.1A.	
DC Power Supply:	DC Supply Current of Pulsing Signals: When a device works with pulsing signals (pulse width $\leq$ 0.1 mS) such as SINE pulse or voltage spikes, the DC current from DC power supply is much less than the rating. Current = Rated DC Current * $\sqrt{D}$ . D: Duty Cycle of the pulsing sugnal = Pulse Width / Period. For example:  Driving BII8083 with SINE pulse whose D = 1%, DC current from DC power supply = 7.1A * $\sqrt{0.01}$ = 0.71 A.			
	+60 VDC	+36 VDC	+36 VDC	
Maximum Supply Voltage:		Warning: DC Supply voltage greater than the maximum DC supply voltage listed in the table above will damage the devices.  Fully charged 12V Car or Marine Battery are from 12.6 to 14.4 VDC. Ensure that voltage of battery pack is less than maximum DC		
Suggested DC Supply:	Marine Battery, Automobile Battery, and	Battery Pack. Not Included.		
Quiescent Current:	104 mA	65 mA	35 mA	
Power Supply Connector:	Dual Binding Post Terminal (Red and Black):  Red Terminal: +VDC Power Supply.  Black Terminal: Common of Power supply and Grounding.		Sheathed Banana Jack Red Terminal: +VDC Supply Black Terminal: Common	
Grounding:	Black Terminal must be grounded firmly	for safety.	Grounding Stud on Enclosure	
Console and Wiring:	Front Panel and Wiring.	Front Panel and Wiring.	Front Panel and Wiring.	
Transducer Case:	No transducer case in default. Available upon request. Portable, Waterproof, Light Weight, Durable, Highly Chemical Resistant.			
Console Case:	Portable, Waterproof, Light Weight, Durable, Highly Chemical Resistant.			
Accessories:	A mating connector for the cable of buyer's transducer.		DC Power Supply Cable: Two 0.6m cables with Banana Plug.	
Accessories.	A mating connector with 1 m cables for G	Gain Control.	One Grounding Cable, #10-24 nut and #10 washer included.	
Case:	Portable, Waterproof, Light Weight, Durable, Highly Chemical Resistant		Aluminum Enclosure	
Size LxWxD:	11"x10"x7", or 0.28x0.26x0.18 m	11"x10"x7", or 0.28x0.26x0.18 m	180.5x110.3x75 mm	
Weight:	3.8 kg	3.0 kg	2.5kg	
		r related codes of buyer's country to integrate this y to make sure the proper grounding for operating		
Signal Type:	Pulsed SINE, Chirp, PSK, FSK, Pulse, Square Waveform, etc.			
Transmit Frequency fs:	Specify $f_s$ when ordering. $f_s$ is the center frequency of the bandpass. please refer to graphs of $f_{min}$ , $f_1$ , $f_2$ , and $f_s$ .  Generally, $f_s$ is resonance frequency of a transducer whose TVR is maximum at $f_s$ .			
Operating Frequency:	Minimum Operating Frequency $f_{min}$ can be determined from graphs of $f_{min}$ , $f_1$ , $f_2$ , and $f_3$ .  Warning: Operating the device at frequency lower than $f_{min}$ may damage the device.			
Quality Factor Q:	Q = 1. Fixed, set at BII factories. Note: BII	Q = 1. Fixed, set at BII factories. Note: BII8080 series devices are bandpass system.		
-3dB Bandwidth:	-3dB bandwidth BW = $f_s/Q = f_s = f_2 - f_1$ . <b>Lower Half-power Frequency</b> $f_1 = 0.618 \ f_s$ . <b>Upper Half-power Frequency</b> $f_2 = 1.618 \ f_s$ .			
Damping Factor:	$\zeta$ = 0.5 when devices drive 50 $\Omega$ or 100 $\Omega$	load at f <sub>s</sub> .		
Input Impedance:	20 KΩ    7 pF	1 kΩ    6 pF	1 KΩ    7 pF, or 50 Ω    7 pF	
a				

45 dB



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Input Signal Connector:	Female BNC, "Transmit". To signal genera	tor.	
par o.ga. coco	Not included.		
Signal Generator:	Laboratory Signal/Function Generator; Playback of Digital Recorder; Computerized DAQ System; Embedded DAC System.  BII Sonar Signal Generator.		
0			
		levice and enable the device to operate normally.	
	Shutdown Control Voltage: Digital Signal,		
	Digital 0 or LOW: Shutdown.		N/A
	Digital 1 or HIGH: Active, working normally.		
Shutdown:	Logic Low or "0": 0 to +0.8 VDC.	Logic Low or "0": 0 to +0.4 VDC.	
	Logic High or "1": +3.5 VDC to V <sub>s</sub> .	Logic High or "1": +3.5 to +5 VDC.	
	Warning: Control voltage greater than V <sub>s</sub>	Warning: Control voltage greater than +20VDC	N/A
	will damage the device.	or lower than -20VDC will damage the device.	
	Connector: Female BNC, "SHUTDOWN". T	o a Digital Output of a DAQ device.	
	Voltage Feedback (VF) output is used to r	monitor driving voltage applied to the transducer.	
Duine Valtage Feedback	Output at VF terminals = Driving Voltage	of Transducer * Feedback Gain.	
Drive Voltage Feedback:		stomized according to a specific transducer.	
	Connector: Female BNC, "DRIVE VOLTAGE	FEEDBACK". To an Analog Input of a a DAQ device	e.
	Original, $100\Omega$ , or $50\Omega$ .	Original or 50Ω.	50Ω.
	"Original" means transducers without bu	illt-in impedance matching network,	
	"50Ω" means transducers with built-in im	pedance matching networks which transform tran	sducer impedances to $50\Omega$ .
	"100Ω" means transducers with built-in in	mpedance matching networks which transform tra	insducer impedances to $100\Omega$ .
	Not Included, Order Separately. Refer to S	System Block Diagram.	
	TVR and FFVS variation of a transducer wi	th built-in Impedance Matching Network:	
Transducers:	1. When R <sub>IM</sub> < 1/G, TVR increases, FFVS de	ecreases. Generally, this is true for low frequency t	ransducers.
		ncreases. Generally, this is true for high frequency	
	R <sub>IM</sub> : Impedance-Matched Resistance at fs	such as $50\Omega$ or $100\Omega$ at fs. G: Transducer Conducta	ance at Operating Frequency.
	Ordering Tips:		
		ransducers without built-in Impedance Matching I	
		ransducers <mark>with</mark> built-in Impedance Matching Net	
Please refer to datasheets of BII transducers for conductance G at fs or G-B graph around fs.			
Transducer Connector:	97 Series Standard Cylindrical Connector,	MIL-5015 style, Socket. "TRANSDUCER".	BNC Jack, "TRANSDUCER".
	To Transducer.		To Transducer.
RMS Power Capability:	415W@+58VDC	133W@+35VDC	118W@+32VDC
	315W@+48VDC	78W @+24VDC	78W @+24VDC
Pulse Power:	N/A	N/A	235W@+32VDC
Voltage Spikes/Single Pulse		,	155W@+24VDC
Receiving Sounds	T p :   : 40  p/		
Bandpass Filtering:	Built-in, 40dB/decade.		
-3dB Bandwidth:	Specify -3dB cut-off frequencies When Or	dering.	
Dynamic Range:	86 dB		
Signal Type:	Waveform, AC Coupled, Single Ended.		
Signal Connector:	Female BNC, "RECEIVE". To an Analog Inp	ut of a DAQ device.	
Receiving Gain Selection	TT: (01.100.0	A4 16 W	
Signal Tunos	TTL/CMOS Compatible (Digital Output), or		N 4
Signal Type:	<b>Logic Low 0</b> : 0 to +0.8 VDC from digital outputs, or Gain Selection Wire is short to Digital COM. <b>Logic High 1</b> : +2.4 VDC to +Vs from digital outputs, or Gain Selection Wire Opens. Vs: Power Supply Voltage.		
Gain Selection Connector:			BNC Jack, "GAIN SELECTION".
	To Digital Outputs of DAQ devices, Microcontrollers, Embedded Computers, etc.		
Wires:	Red or White Wire: A1. Black Wire: A0.	Red or White Wire: A1. Black Wire: A0.	Coax Conductor: A0.
	Shield: Digital Common.	Shield: Digital Common.	Coax Shield: Digital Common.
	Connect the Black wire to the shield: A0 = 0 or Logic Low. Disconnect the Black wire from the shield: A0 = 1 or Logic High.		Connect conductor to shield: A0=0.
Selection Manually:		5 5	Open conductor and shield: A0=1.
	Connect the Red or White wire to the shield: A1 = 0 or Logic Low.  Disconnect the Red or White wire from the shield: A1 = 1 or Logic High.  Open conductor and shield: A0=1.		
Selection Digitally:	a 1-bit or 2-bit digital word to the gain selection inputs. Shield is connected to Digital COMMON.		
Selection Digitally.	A1 A0 Gain(dB)	A1 A0 Gain(dB)	AO Gain(dB)
	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 20
Truth Table:	0 0 0	0 1 20	1 50
	1 0 40	1 0 40	N/A
	1 0 40		i
	1 1 60	1 1 60	N/A

## How to order:

T/R System Part Number	-f <sub>s</sub>	-Z <sub>TX</sub> /θ or G/B	-Bandwidth of Receiving around fs
BII8081, BII8082, BII8083.	Operating Frequency, in kHz. Generally, $f_{\text{s}}$ is resonant frequency of a transducer.	Complex impedance of a transducer. Impedance $Z_{Tx}$ in $\Omega$ , Phase $\theta$ in $^{\circ}$ , or Admittance G and B in S, mS or $\mu$ S.	-3dB Bandwidth of Receiving around f <sub>s</sub> , in kHz or MHz.
Example of Part Number	Description		
BII8082-120kHz-100Ω/-60°-	BII8082, Operating Frequency fs: 120kHz; Transducer Impedance: 100Ω with Phase Angle -60°; -3dB Receiving Bandwidth: 50kHz		
50kHz	with center frequency fs.		
BII8083-1MHz-50Ω-0.2MHz	BII8083, Operating Frequency fs: 1MHz; Ti	ransducer Impedance: 50Ω; -3dB Receiving Bandw	dth: 0.2MHz with center frequency fs.

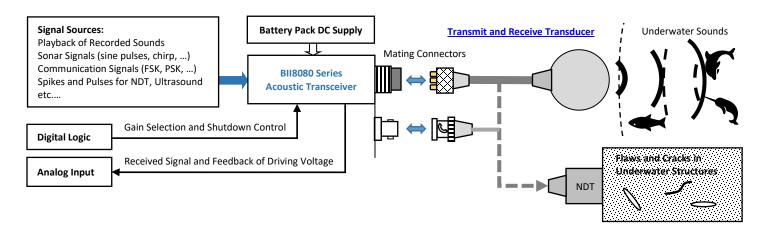


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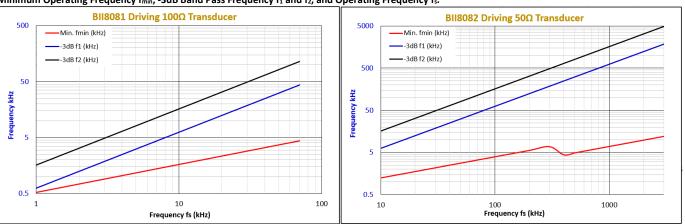
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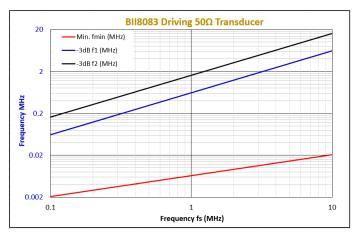
## **System Block Diagram**

BII8080 Series Drive "Original",  $50\Omega$ , or  $100\Omega$  Transducers.



Minimum Operating Frequency fmin, -3dB Band Pass Frequency f1 and f2, and Operating Frequency fs.





#### How to determine $f_{min}$ , $f_1$ , $f_2$ with $f_s$ to drive transducers?

For example, for device BII8083-1MHz-50 $\Omega$ :

- 1. fs = 1 MHz.
- 2. Refer to graph of BII8083 driving 50Ω Transducer.
- 3. Locate fs = 1 MHz on Horizontal Axis.
- 4. Find the values of  $f_{min}$ ,  $f_1$ , and  $f_2$  respectively from Vertical axis.  $f_{min}$  = 0.006 MHz,  $f_1$  = 0.618 MHz,  $f_2$  = 1.618 MHz.

f<sub>min</sub>: Minimum Operating Frequency.

 $f_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$  is resonance frequency of transducer and center frequency of bandwidth.

Lower Half-power Frequency  $f_1 = 0.618 f_s$ .

Upper Half-power Frequency f<sub>2</sub> = 1.618 f<sub>s</sub>.

Warning:

Operating the device at frequency lower than  $f_{\text{\scriptsize min}}$  may damage the device.

#### **Transducer Connector Assembly**

If buyer orders a free hanging, flange mount or flush mount transducer, BII assembles the connector on transducer cable. Buyer dose not need to do any assembly. If byer orders a thru-hole mount, bolt-fastening mount or end-face mount transducer, BII ships the transducer with wire leads and the mating connector to buyer. After installing the transducer on the mounting wall, buyer shall assemble the connector with transducer cable and solder the wire leads to the connector pins. Note: the size of the mating connector is bigger than mounting hole size of the transducer.

Wirings	3-Contact Mating Connector	Wire Leads of Transducer with Shielded Cable	Wire Leads of Transducer with Coax Cable
Signal	Pin C	Red or White Wire	Cox Conductor
Signal Common	Pin B	Black Wire	Coax Shield
Shielding and Grounding	Pin A	Shield	Coax Shield



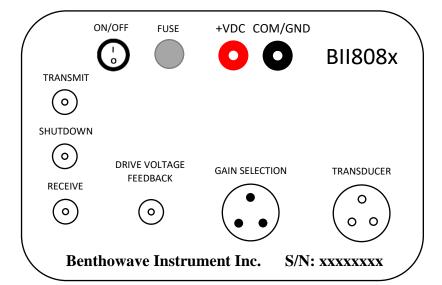
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#### **Manufacturing Status**

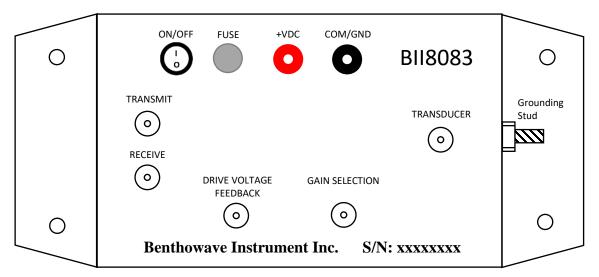
**ACTIVE**: Product device recommended for new designs. **LIFEBUY**: BII has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect. **OBSOLETE**: BII has discontinued the production of the device.

## BII8081 and BII8082 Front Panel and Wiring. Manufacturing Status: ACTIVE.



	Dual Binging Posts.
Power Supply:	Red: +DC Power Supply. Black: +DC Power Supply Common and Grounding.
	Warning: Black post must be grounded firmly for operating safety.
Power Supply Switch:	ON and OFF. Manual Control. "I" -> ON; "O" -> OFF.
Fuse Holder:	Fuse, 15A (BII8081) or 8A (BII8082), 250VDC, 3AB, 3AG, 1/4" x 1-1/4".
Transmit:	BNC Jack to Signal Generator, BNC Center Contact: Signal; BNC Shield: Signal Common.
Shutdown:	BNC Jack to Shutdown Control Signal (TTL/CMOS Compatible), BNC Center Contact: Digital Signal; BNC Shield: Digital Common.
Receive:	BNC Jack to Analog Input of DAQ, BNC Center Contact: Received Signal; BNC Shield: Common.
Drive Voltage Feedback:	BNC Jack to Analog Input of DAQ, BNC Center Contact: Feedback Voltage Signal; BNC Shield: Common.
Gain Selection:	Circular Connector MIL-5015 Style, Pin, to Digital Outputs of the DAQ, or Manual Gain Selection.
Gain Selection:	Red or White Wire: A1. Black Wire: A0. Shield: Digital Common.
Transderson	Circular Connector (Receptacle) MIL-5015 Style, Driving Signal to Transducer.
Transducer:	Pin A: Shielding and Grounding. Pin B: Signal Common. Pin C: Signal.

## BII8083 Front Panel and Wiring. Manufacturing Status: ACTIVE.



Power Supply:	Sheathed Banana Jack. Red: +DC Power Supply. Black: +DC Power Supply Common.
Power Supply Switch:	ON and OFF. Manual Control. "I" -> ON; "O" -> OFF.
Fuse Holder:	Fuse, 8A BII8083, 250VDC, 3AB, 3AG, 1/4" x 1-1/4".
Transmit:	BNC Jack to Signal Generator, BNC Center Contact: Signal; BNC Shield: Signal Common.
Receive:	BNC Jack to Analog Input of DAQ, BNC Center Contact: Received Signal; BNC Shield: Common.
Drive Voltage Feedback:	BNC Jack to Analog Input of DAQ, BNC Center Contact: Feedback Voltage Signal; BNC Shield: Common.



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Gain Selection:	BNC Jack, to Digital Output of DAQ, or Manual Gain Selection. BNC Socket: A0. BNC Shield: Digital Common.	
Transducer:	BNC Jack. Driving Signal to Transducer. BNC Socket: Signal. BNC Shield: Common and Grounding.	
Grounding Stud:	#10-24 screw. Two #10 washers and two #10-24 nuts are included	

#### BII8083 Accessories:

## DC Power Supply Cables: Two 0.6m Cables with Banana Plug.

**Grounding Cable, Part Number: GWL18,** Support Single-Point Grounding with Multiple Devices.

One 0.6m AWG 18 Green Wire with #10 Ring Terminal and Wire Lead. One #10 Ring Terminal and one 4mm Banana Plug (Green) are included.

Depending on buyer's grounding terminal type, buyer assembles #10 Ring Terminal, 4mm Banana Plug, or other type connector to grounding cable at buyer's cost.

#### Terminal to buyer's Grounding Terminal:

- a. Default: Wire Lead
- b. One #10 Ring Terminal
- c. One 4mm Banana Plug





#10 Ring Terminal

#10-24 nut and #10 washer included.

Metal Housings, Outline Dimensions (mm), Illustration only, the scale is not 1:1.

