

#### BII7010 Series Broadband Hydrophone: Low Power, Low Noise, and Low Frequency.

The directional response patterns are omnidirectional in low frequency range and toroidal in high frequency range. Typical quality factor Q are 2 in useful frequency range. Pulsed sounds reach stable state quickly and its ringing is short. Custom-fit hydrophones with low power preamplifiers consume 40µA to 0.6mA which is a great merit for battery-powered portable acoustic system.

These hydrophones provide low-cost solutions for underwater recording, listening, and laboratory acoustics from 0.2Hz to 500kHz. They come with coax/shielded cables and underwater mateable/BNC/TRS/XLR/MIL-5015 style connectors and are ready to be integrated into underwater acoustic systems. They support digital recorders and DAQs (A/D Converter). the output signal can be used for speaker system and headphone.

Small size and broadband of bespoke BII7015 offers benefit for uses in parabolic receivers underwater to achieve high pressure gain and the narrowest beam width which are the merits in weak signal detection and searching, directional high speed communication, etc...

BII7010 Hydrophones with integrated low power preamplifiers and filters are ideal gears to amplify the weak signals underwater and reject ambient noises. Its compact and small size avoid interferences to acoustic field under test. The preamplifier integrated in the hydrophone can drive cable up to 1000m without signal loss. These features allow them to be used in long line arrays (streamers) and large planar arrays.

The hydrophone body has streamlined hemispherical domes which minimize the drag forces and the hydrodynamic noise caused by the hydrophone in motion or the flow past the hydrophone. they can measure the sound radiations and pressure changes in turbulent processes and flows.

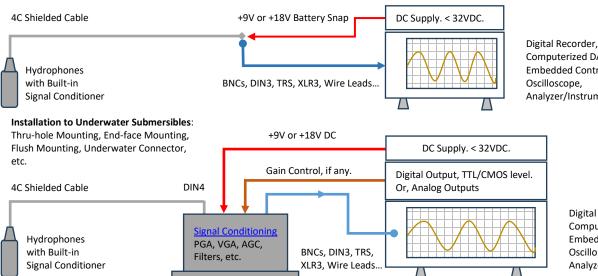
BIJ7016 hydrophones is specialized to measures low frequency underwater sounds and pressure fluctuations down to 0.02 Hz: Surface Waves (Wave-height Sensor), Turbulences, seismic, ocean traffics, industrial noises, precipitations, biologics, ...

Sound Excitation by Turbulence:  $\frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 p}{\partial t^2} - \Delta p = \rho \frac{\partial^2 v_l v_k}{\partial x_l \partial x_k}$ v-Velocity of Turbulence Flow; c-Sound Speed in Fluid; p-Pressure; p-Fluid Density; x-Position.

#### **Typical Applications**

Towed/Dipping Hydrophone, Sonobuoy.	Detection of Ultrasonic Cavitation Noise, Thermoacoustics in Gas.			
LBL, SBL, USBL Positioning, Communication.	Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM System).			
Parabolic Antennas Underwater.	Linear and Planar Array Element, Vector Hydrophone Element.			
Reference Hydrophone, Noise Measurement.	Marine Bioacoustics, Phantom-power Hydrophone, Sound Recording.			
Signal detection in strong currents.	Studies of Ocean Turbulence and Flow, Marine Hydrodynamics.			

#### System Configuration of Receiving Sounds and Waves.



Computerized DAQ, Embedded Controller, Oscilloscope, Analyzer/Instrument.

> Digital Recorder, Computerized DAQ, Embedded Controller, Oscilloscope, Analyzer/Instrument.

#### Specification

The hydrophone is tested i	n water unless stated otherwise.					
FG: Fixed Gain; PG: Progra	mmable Gain; <b>DF:</b> Differential Output; <b>SE:</b> Single Ende	ed Output; BPF: Band Pass Filter; HPF: High Pass Filter; LPF: Low Pass Filter.				
Part Number:	BII7011FGDF BII7011PGDF					
Sensitivity @ 1 kHz:	-194.0 + Preamp Gain, ± 2 dB V/μPa.					
Sensitivity @ 1 KHZ:	-160.0 dB V/μPa.	-184.0 and -144.0 dB V/μPa.				
FFVS:	Refer to Graph of <u>FFVS vs. Frequency</u> . Free-field V	/oltage Sensitivity.				
Pressure Noise Density:	Refer to Graph of Pressure Noise Density, Referre	d to Input (RTI), in μPa/VHz.				
	Bespoke HPF .					
	Minimum HPF: 0.2 Hz.	Minimum HPF: 1 Hz.				
	in Water: 0.2 Hz $\sim$ 60 kHz	in Water: 1 Hz $\sim$ 60 kHz				
Built-in Filters:	in Air: 0.2 Hz ~ 5 kHz in Air: 1 Hz ~ 5 kHz					
at -3dB V/μPa.	1. Reduce Noise. Both ocean ambient noises and the self-noises of electronic devices decrease when frequency increases. It is recommended to choose a built-in high pass filter to reject noises in low frequency range. For example, if you are interested in the signals greater than 1 kHz, you may specify a high pass filter with -3dB cut-off frequency at 100 Hz to improve signal to noise ratio of the signals of the interest.					



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	Underwater Sound Solutions 2 Avoid Saturation. When there are strong low frequencies	www.benthowave.com uency noises, disturbances, and/or vibrations, resulting from rough surface wave				
		is recommended to specify a high pass filter to avoid hydrophone saturation i				
Preamp Gain (dB):	34 dB.	10 and 50 dB.				
	Low Power Fixed Gain Preamp.	Low Noise Programmable Gain Preamp.				
Bespoke Preamp:	Buyer may specify a specific preamp to be used in the hydrophone. For example, when low power consumption is critical to your project instead of low noise, you may consider BII1011, BII1012, or BII1067 to be installed inside hydrophone.					
Gain Selection Voltage:	N/A	CMOS/TTL Compatible Logic Low 0: Gain Selection Wire to COM or 0 to +0.8 VDC. Logic High 1: Gain Selection Wire Open or +2.4 VDC to V <sub>s</sub> .				
Directivity Pattern:	Omnidirectional and Toroidal. Refer to Graph of Dir	ectivity Response Pattern.				
Side Lobe Level:	No side lobes.					
Signal Output Type:		to reduce and reject EMI noise, especially over long cable. $V_s - 3.4$ , in Vpp.				
Maximum Output V <sub>omax</sub> : Overload Pressure Level:	Supply Voltage V <sub>s</sub> - 4, in Vpp. 194 or (20*log(V <sub>omax</sub> /2.828) – Sensitivity) whichever					
Oventoau Pressure Level.	112.6 dB $\mu$ Pa/(m/s <sup>2</sup> ) at Acoustic Axis.	15 less. III ub μFa.				
	$\leq 110 \text{ dB}\mu\text{Pa}/(\text{m/s}^2)$ at other directions.					
		request: When suspended from a ship or hoat, buoy, or used in towed array, th				
Acceleration Sensitivity:	Bespoke Vibration Compensation, available upon request: When suspended from a ship or boat, buoy, or used in towed array, th hydrophone experiences a large movement and induced vibration resulting from surface waves, currents, hydrodynamic flow turbulence, cable movement, etc The translational acceleration in axial direction can be cancelled with special design an construction, and acceleration sensitivity in other directions are also lower (partially cancelled). Spurious signals caused by induce vibration can be reduced. Acceleration Sensitivity with Compensation:					
Operating Depth:		e. 2. $\leq$ 90 to 100 dB in other directions of the hydrophone. the cable length if the cable has wire leads or a non-waterproof connector.				
Operating Depth.	1. Default: Free Hanging ( <b>FH</b> ).					
Mounting Options:	<ol> <li>Free-hanging with Male Underwater Connector (FHUWC-3P, FHUWC-4P, FHUWC-6P).</li> <li>Thru-hole Inch Mounting with Single O-ring Sealing (THM-7/16").</li> <li>Thru-hole Inch Mounting with Double O-ring Sealing (THDO-7/16").</li> <li>Bolt Fastening Mounting (Plastics) (BFMP-M12).</li> <li>Bolt Fastening Mounting (Plastics) (BFMP-NPT3/8").</li> <li>Bolt Fastening Mounting (Stainless Steel) (BFM-7/16").</li> <li>Bolt Fastening Mounting (Stainless Steel) (BFM-5/8").</li> </ol>					
		If for a complete list of Mounting Options and more details.				
Cable Options:	Four Conductor Shielded Cable (SC)	Six Conductor Shielded Cable (SC)				
1. Default: Perpendicular to end face of hydrophone.         Cable Orientation:       2. Customization: Perpendicular to side wall of hydrophone (Generally, this is used to reduce the overall length of hydrophone)         Appending SW to the part number.						
Cable Length:	<ol> <li>Default: 20m (65.6ft) for Non-Underwater Connector; 0.6m (2ft) for Underwater Connectors.</li> <li>Custom-fit Cable Length up to 305 m or 1000 ft.</li> </ol>					
Connector:	7. +9VDC Battery Snap ( <b>BS</b> ), for +9VDC or +18VDC p 8. 4mm Banana Plug Pair (Red and Black Color) ( <b>BP</b> )	ameter Φ17 mm). ameter Φ17 mm). ameter Φ17 mm). ameter Φ17 mm). 0.5 mm). ameter Φ20.2 mm). ameter Φ20.2 mm). ameter Φ20.2 mm). P) (Max. Diameter Φ21.5 to Φ35 mm). P) (Max. Diameter Φ21.5 to Φ35 mm). r connectors. Its part number is listed in quote in detail. power supply.				
1. BNC: "Bayonet Neill-Cond		/audio frequency connector used for coaxial cable. <b>Fastening Type</b> : Bayonet Loc				
		t, audio frequency connector used for shielded cable. Fastening Type: None.				
-		for audio, RF, digital, and DC or AC power signals. Fastening Type: Threaded.				
	ed audio and DC or AC power signal interconnections,	3 to 7 contacts. Fastening Type: Latch Lock.				
Supply Voltage V <sub>s</sub> :	+8.5 to +32 VDC	+9 to +32 VDC				
Suggested DC Supply:	+9VDC Battery, Marine Battery, Automobile Battery DO NOT use variable power supply whose maximur DO NOT use switching mode DC power supply.					
Current (Quiescent):	9.8 mA	18 mA				
	Free Hanging: $\Phi D = \Phi 25.4$ mm, Overall Length = 67					
C'	Other Mounting Types: actual length depends on M					
Size:	$\geq$ 1.0 kg with 20 m cable.					
Size: Weight:						
	≥ 1.0 kg with 20 m cable.					



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### How to Order Standard Hydrophones. BII Keeps Standard Products in Stock.

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FG: Fixed Gain;	-G: Fixed Gain; PG: Programmable Gain; DF: Differential Output; BPF: Band Pass Filter; HPF: High Pass Filter; LPF: Low Pass Filter.								
Part Number	-Preamp Gain	-HPF Filter	-Mounting	-Cable Length	-Connectors for Signal/Gain Selection	/DC Supply			
BII7011FGDF	34 dB.	0.2 Hz.	EU: Froe Hanging	20 m (65.6 ft)	Connector Ontions for Signals, Gain Selection, and				
BII7011PGDF	10/50 dB.	1 Hz.	FH: Free Hanging.	20 111 (05.0 11)	Connector Options for Signals, Gain Selection, and	DC Supply.			
Example of Par	t Number:		Description						
	4dB-0.2Hz-FH-20m-\	A/I	BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 0.2Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
BII/011FGDF-34	+ub-0.2n2-Fn-2011-1	7V L	None, Wire leads.						
BUZ011EGDE-3	1dB_0 2Hz_EH_20m_F		BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 0.2Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
BITOTTI ODI -5-	BII7011FGDF-34dB-0.2Hz-FH-20m-BNC/BS			Two BNC Male for Output+ and Output- Signals, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.					
BII7011FGDF-34dB-0.2Hz-FH-20m-XLR3/BS			BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 0.2Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
			XLR3 for Signal, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.						
BII7011FGDF-34dB-0.2Hz-FH-20m-XLR4			BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 0.2Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
BII/0111 GBI 5	BI/0111 GDI - 540B-0.2112-111-2011-XER4			XLR4 for Signals and DC Power Supply.					
	BII7011PGDF-10/50dB-1Hz-FH-20m-WL			BII7011PGDF Hydrophone, 10/50dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 1Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:					
DITOTT ODI-T				None, Wire leads.					
BII7011PGDF-10/50dB-1Hz-FH-20m-XLR3/WL/BS			BII7011PGDF Hydrophone, 10/50dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 1Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
XLR3 for Signal, Wire Leads for Gain Selection, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.									
BII7011PGDE-1	0/50dB-1Hz-FH-20m	-XI R6	BII7011PGDF Hydrophone, 10/50dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 1Hz, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector:						
DITOTI ODI-1	5170111 0D1-10/3005-1112-111-2011-7.ER0			XLR6 for Signals, Gain Selection, and DC Power Supply.					

#### How to Order Bespoke Hydrophones. Non-stock.

FG: Fixed Gain;	PG: Programmab	le Gain; DF: Different	ial Output; <b>SE:</b> Sin	gle Ended Output; BPF: Band	Pass Filter; HPF: High Pass Filter; LPF: Low Pass	s Filter.		
Part Number	-Preamp Gain	-HPF Filter	-Mounting -Shielded Cable Length -Connectors for Signal/Gain Select		-Connectors for Signal/Gain Selection	/DC Supply		
BII7011FGDF	34 dB.	High Pass Filter. -3dB frequency,	Mounting	in meter.	Connector Options for Signals, Gain Selection, and DC Supply.			
BII7011PGDF	10/50 dB.	in Hz, kHz.	Options.	Up to 305m (1000 ft).				
Example of Par	t Number:		Description					
BII7011FGDF-3	4dB-10Hz-FH-30m	n-WL		BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Connector: none, Wire leads.				
BII7011FGDF-34dB-10Hz-FH-30m-BNC/BS			BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Connector: Two BNC Male for Output+ and Output- Signals, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.					
BII7011FGDF-3	4dB-10Hz-BFM-7/	16"-100m-XLR3/BS	BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Bolt Fastening Mounting BFM-7/16", 100m Shielded Cable, Connector: 3-pin XLR for Signals and Battery Snap for +9VDC Batteries.					
BII7011FGDF-3	4dB-10Hz-FH-0.6n	n-UMC4P	BII7011FGDF Hydrophone, 34dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 0.6m Shielded Cable, Connector: 4-pin Underwater Mateable Connector for Signals and DC Power Supply.					
BII7011PGDF-1	0/50dB-10Hz-FH-3	30m-WL	BII7011PGDF Hydrophone, 10/50dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Connector: none, Wire leads.					
BII7011PGDF-1 XLR3/WL/BS	0/50dB-10Hz-BFN	1-7/16"-100m-	BII7011PGDF Hydrophone, 10/50dB Gain, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Bolt Fastening Mounting BFM-7/16", 100m Shielded Cable, Connector: 3-pin XLR for Signals, Wire Leads for Gain Selection, and Battery Snap for +9VDC Batteries.					
BII7011PGDF-1	0/50dB-10Hz-FH-(	0.6m-UMC6P			High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 0.6m S nnector for Signals, Gain Selection, and DC Powe			

#### Wiring Information of BII7011FGDF Hydrophones with Fixed-gain Preamps:

Differential Output:	Wire Leads	UMC4P/XLR4P	DIN4P	DIN3/XLR3 + 9V BS		BNC + 9V BS	TRS + 9V BS
+VDC	Red	Pin 3	Pin 4	Battery Fema	ile Snap	Battery Female Snap	Battery Female Snap
Common	Black	Pin 1	Pin 1	Battery Male	Snap	Battery Male Snap	Battery Male Snap
Signal+	White	Pin 2	Pin 3	DIN3 Pin 3	TRS Tip	#1 BNC Center	TRS Tip
Signal-	Blue, Green, or Yellow	Pin 4	Pin 2	DIN3 Pin 1	TRS Ring	#2 BNC Center	TRS Ring
Signal Common	Black	Pin 1	Pin 1	DIN3 Pin 2	TRS Sleeve	BNC Shell	TRS Sleeve
Shielding	Shield	Metal Shell	Metal Shell	DIN3 and XLR3 Metal Shell		N/A	N/A

#### Wiring Information of BII7011PGDF Hydrophones with One-Bit-Word Programmable Gain Preamps:

Differential Output:	Wire Leads	UMC6P/XLR6	DIN6	BNC + 9V BS	DIN3/XLR3 + 9V BS		TRS + 9V BS
+VDC	Red	Pin 3	Pin 4	Battery Female Snap	Battery Fem	ale Snap	Battery Female Snap
Common	Black	D' . 4	Pin 1	Battery Male Snap,	Battery Male	e Snap,	Battery Male Snap,
Common	DIdCK	Pin 1	PINII	BNC Shield.	DIN Pin 2 or	XLR Pin 1.	TRS Sleeve.
Output Signal+	White	Pin 2	Pin 3	"1" BNC Center Pin	DIN Pin 3	XLR Pin 2	TRS Tip
Output Signal -	Green	Pin 4	Pin 2	"2" BNC Center Pin	DIN Pin 1	XLR Pin 3	TRS Ring
Digital A0	Blue	Pin 6	Pin 5	Blue	Blue		Blue
Digital Common	Yellow or Brown	Pin 5	Pin 6	Yellow or Brown	Yellow or Br	own	Yellow or Brown
Shielding	Shield	Metal Shell	Metal Shell	BNC Shield	Metal Shell		N/A
Selecting Sensitivity of	of One-bit Digitally Pr	ogrammable					
FFVS Selection Wire A0		Hydrophone Sensitivity FFVS at 1kHz.					
0 (Logic Low)		-194 + 10 dB V/µPa.					
1 (Logic High)		-194 + 50 dB V/μPa.					



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#### **Question:**

What if the mating connector of my DAQ module or recording device is NOT available from BII? A bespoke connector adaptor might be assembled by BII and BII ships the adaptor to buyer as accessory of the device. Please contact BII for customizations. Many adaptors for standard connectors are available in worldwide electronic suppliers such as BNC to SMA, BNC to SMC, XLR to TRS, etc. Check out your local suppliers.

Is impedance matching necessary between hydrophones/sensors and preamplifiers/Recorders/Analyzers? it is NOT necessary to do impedance matching in low frequency range applications in which electromagnetic wave lengths are much greater than the cable length. High frequency transducers such as NDT pulsing transducers need 50Ω impedance matching among transducers, cables, and analyzers/digitizers.

My acoustic sensors generate differential signals in MHz range, are TRS connectors suitable for my applications? BII's test shows TRS connectors (Plug and Jack) of BII preamps can be used up to 20 MHz. Test Conditions: TRS Jack with 0.2m cable and TRS plug with 1m cable. Oscilloscope: 1MΩ | 20pF, Signal Source: DDS Signal Generator.

Can 3.5mm (1/8") TRS be configured for single-ended signal of a hydrophone/transducer which does not have built-in preamplifier? Yes, the preamp with differentialinput TRS can accept single-ended signals from hydrophones/transducers whose TRS wiring should be like followings: TRS Tip: Signal. TRS Ring and Sleeve: Both terminals are soldered together for Signal Common and Shielding. Common and shielding should be "one-point" contact.

Can BII explain why the capacitance of my hydrophone/transducer affect high pass filtering? (1). Hydrophone/transducer is high impedance devices in low frequency range. Its simplified complex impedance =  $j/(2\pi fC_h)$ ,  $C_h$  is the capacitance of hydrophone/transducer, f is frequency in Hz. This impedance is in series with preamp R<sub>i</sub> and can reach several M $\Omega$  to hundreds M $\Omega$  depending on  $C_h$  and f. (2). Most high-performance operational amplifiers (IC chips) can use input resistors R<sub>i</sub> up to 1 to 200 M $\Omega$  to avoid bumping into saturation issue.

Can the hydrophone with differential outputs be wired to single-ended inputs of a DAQ device (Data Acquisition Equipment) such as an Oscilloscope? Yes, output+ and Common of a BII hydrophone can be used a single-ended signal, or Output- and Common of the hydrophone can be used a single-ended signal. (1) The terminal of unused output MUST be insulated to avoid short circuit.

(2) Neither output+ nor output - of the hydrophone can be wired to common which is going to destroy the hydrophone by short circuit.

How do I use a programmable sensitivity hydrophone as a fixed sensitivity hydrophone?

When a Gain Selection wire is short to Digital Common, its digital logic is Low or "0. The gain of the built-in preamp is set to 20dB or low gain. When a Gain Selection wire is floating or open, its digital logic is High or "1". The gain of the built-in preamp is set to 50dB or high gain. The unused terminals and bare splice wire leads MUST be insulated to avoid short circuit.

What if the connector of my analyzer (instrument) is SMA or SMC Connector? Buyer may order a SMA (or SMC) to BNC (Male) adaptor from local electronic distributors in buyer's country. BII may ship the adaptor as accessory of the device if buyer requests when ordering. By default, BII does NOT supply the adaptor as accessories.

How to increase hydrophone sensitivity for extremely weak sounds? BII low noise hydrophone with built-in preamp (Differential Output) -> Long Cable -> Standalone Preamp -> Analyzing Instrument or Recorder.

What components are necessary to compensate the propagation and spreading loss?

A low noise hydrophone +  $\underline{PGA}$  amplifier with gain of 0/20/40/60 dB.

A low noise hydrophone + VGA amplifier with gain of 0 ~ 70 dB.

A low noise hydrophone + <u>AGC</u> amplifier with gain of  $-20 \approx 80$  dB.

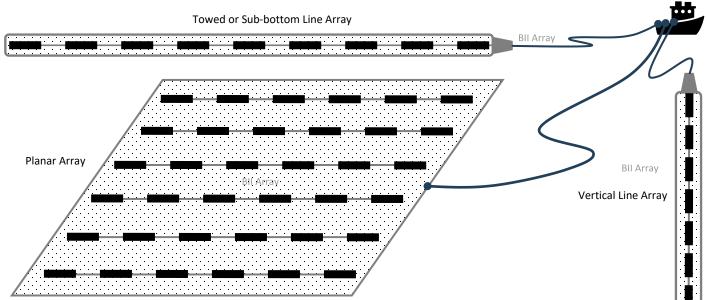
How do I use Gain Selection wires of a Programmable Sensitivity Hydrophone in field?

#### (1). Manual Gain Selection.

When a **Gain Selection wire** is floating or open, its digital logic is High or "1". When a **Gain Selection wire** is short to **Digital Common**, its digital logic is Low or "0". Sensitivity of a Hydrophone is fixed when its Gain Selection wires are fixed to **Digital Common** or open (floating) during operation.

(2). Gain Selection with Digital Outputs. Digital Outputs of a DAQ (data acquisition device) select gains with TTL/CMOS logic levels.

#### Array Elements for Underwater Linear and Planar Arrays



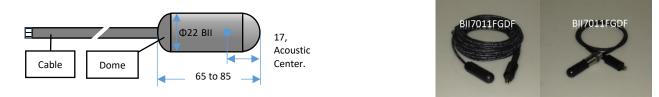


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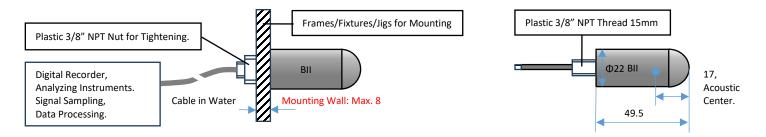
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Physical Size (Dimensional Unit: mm): The overall length varies with the length of the built-in preamplifier and mounting parts. 1. Free Hanging with Smooth Domes.

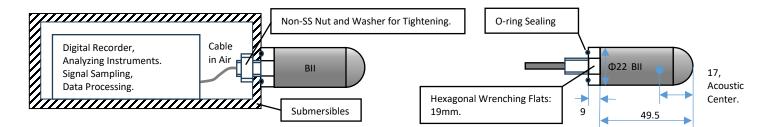


The hydrophone body has streamlined hemispherical domes which minimize the drag forces and the hydrodynamic noise caused by the hydrophone in motion or the flow past the hydrophone.

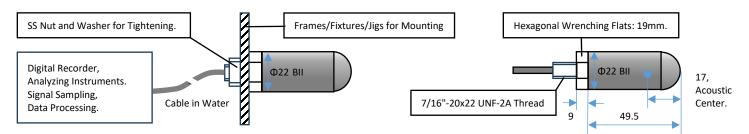
#### 2. Bolt-Fastening Mounting BFM-NPT3/8", 3/8" NPT Thread Length: 15mm. Nut Height: 5mm.



#### 3. Thru-hole Mounting (Inch Thread) with Single O-ring Sealing THM-7/16" (7/16"-20x22 UNF-2A).

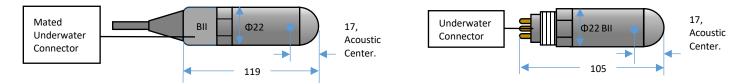


#### 4. Bolt-Fastening Mounting BFM-7/16" (7/16"-20x22 UNF-2A).



#### 5. Free-hanging with Underwater Connector FHUWC-4P, 4 Pins (Fixed Sensitivity); FHUWC-6P, 6 Pins (Programmable Sensitivity).

	UWC-Cable Length-Connector: Underwater Connector with Socket insert and Internal-Thread Mating Parts, customized-length shielded cable, a
Mating	Connector (WL, XLR, TRS, DIN, MIL, UMC, etc.) to DAQ devices or Digital Recorders.
Connector	How to order cable with mating underwater connector? for example:
and Cable	UMC4S-20m-WL: 20 m cable with Underwater Mateable Connector 4 Sockets (UMC4S) on one end and wire leads (WL) on other end.
and Cable	UMC4S-20m-XLR3/BS: 20 m cable with and Underwater Mateable Connector 4 Sockets (UMC4S) on one end and XLR Receptacle with 3 Male Pins
	(XLR3) and Two +9V Battery Snaps on other end.



6. More Mounting/Installation Options: Please refer to online document AcousticSystem.pdf for a complete list of Mounting Options and details.



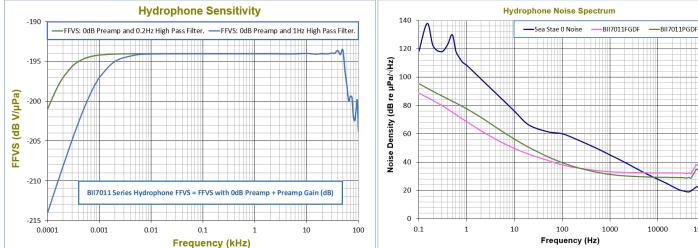
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Pressure Noise Density (RTI, referred to the input):

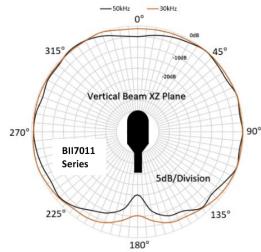
#### Free-field Voltage Response (FFVS):



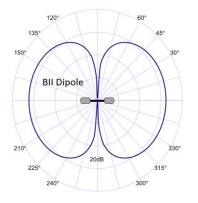
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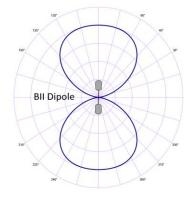
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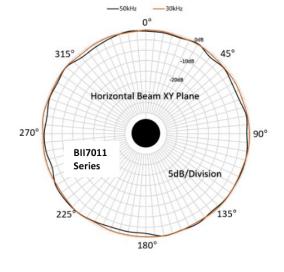
#### **Directivity Response Pattern:**



Simple Array Consisting of 2 or 3 Hydrophones. "Figure 8" Pattern of a Dipole (Pressure-Gradient).







#### Cardioid Pattern= Pressure Hydrophone + Dipole.

